



U.S. Department
of Transportation
Federal Aviation
Administration

Advisory Circular

Subject: ~~PILOT-IN-COMMAND QUALIFICATIONS~~ Date: 6/20/90 AC No: 121.443-5-31D
FOR SPECIAL AREA/ROUTES AND AIRPORTS, Initiated by: AFS-220 Change:
FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS
(FAR) SECTION 121.445

1. PURPOSE. This advisory circular provides information for all Part 121 certificate holders concerning those areas/routes and airports where the Administrator has determined that special qualifications are required of pilots in command as provided in FAR Section 121.445.
 2. CANCELLATION. Advisory Circular 121.445-1C, Pilot-in-C-d Qualifications for Special Area/Routes and Airports, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Section 121.445, dated August 9, 1989, is cancelled.
 3. REMOVED FAR SECTIONS. FAR Sections 121.443 and 121.445.
 4. BACKGROUND. The operating rules governing domestic and flag air carriers have for some time required pilots in command to be qualified over the routes and into airports where scheduled operations are conducted. The operations review program Notice No. 8 issued May 5, 1978, proposed, among other things, to eliminate the airport and route qualifications provisions for pilots in command operating under the domestic and flag rules. Further, it was proposed to amend FAR Section 121.445 to require pilots in command of all Part 121 certificate holders to meet special qualifications for certain airports and special types of navigation qualifications for certain areas or routes, or both, where the Administrator determines such qualifications are necessary. Amendment 121-159, which contains this regulatory change, became effective on August 31, 1980. This advisory circular provides industry with information necessary to meet the requirements of amended FAR Section 121.445 by identifying those areas/routes and airports where special pilot qualifications or special navigation qualifications are needed.
 5. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. FAR Part 121 now contains specific requirements for all certificate holders which govern pilot-in-command qualifications for certain routes and airports. FAR Section 121.443 (a) requires:
 - a. Each certificate holder to provide a system acceptable to the Administrator for disseminating certain information specified to the pilot in command and appropriate flight operations personnel. The system must also provide an acceptable means for showing compliance with FAR Section 121.445.
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b. FAR Section 121.445 requires, in part, that the pilot in command, or second in command, meet the airport qualifications specified by making a qualifying entry to that airport (including a takeoff-and landing) while serving as a pilot flight crewmember. The pilot in command may also meet the airport qualification by using pictorial means that are acceptable to the Administrator for that airport. These qualifications are to be met within the preceding 12 calendar months for those airports determined to be unique due to items such as surrounding terrain, obstructions, or complex approach or departure procedures. The pilot-in-command qualification requirements for special airports are applicable to all airports listed in appendix 1. This regulation also requires a special type of pilot navigation qualification for certain areas/routes between terminals.

6. SPECIAL AREA/ROUTES AND AIRPORTS.

a. Special Airports. Appendix 1 contains a listing of airports, by regions, where it has been determined that pilots require special airport qualifications. FAR Section 121.443 requires, in part, for each certificate holder to provide a system acceptable to the Administrator for disseminating the information required therein to ensure that the pilots have adequate knowledge concerning the areas, and each airport and terminal area into which the pilot is to serve. Therefore, airports with congested areas and physical layouts such as John F. Kennedy in New York and O'Hare Field in Chicago, which do not have terrain problems, are not included.

b. Special Areas/Routes. Pilots who have qualified with a particular type of pilot-operated navigation system in one area/route may be considered qualified in any other area/route using the same navigation system. Special types of navigation qualifications for pilots in command should be required for operations conducted with pilot-operated navigation systems in accordance with FAR Section 121.445(d)::

(1) When these systems are required by FAR Section 121.389 for the area/route to be flown;

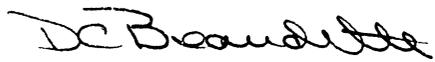
(2) When operations are conducted, with systems other than INS, within the areas of magnetic unreliability, published in the Canadian Aeronautical Information Publication (AIP), or

(3) When operations are conducted over routes where the operations specifications require the use of special navigation procedures developed specifically for these routes, and the use of navigation equipment (e.g., LORAN, ADF) which is restricted to limited operational areas.

(4) These situations, ~~however~~, are not all inclusive, and do not delete or supersede any special navigation qualifications or requirements which my currently exist in a particular air carrier's operations specifications. In addition, the special navigation qualifications necessary to met the ~~navigation performance~~ required by FAR Section 91.20 for operations in the Minimum Navigation ~~Performance~~ Specifications airspace are initial qualification requirements and, as such, are not subject to the recurring ~~12 calendar-month~~ requirement of FAR Section 121.445, or to qualification/requalification by pictorial means.

(5) One of the acceptable ~~methods~~ in FAR Section 121.445(d) is by flying over a route or area as pilot in ~~command~~ under the supervision of a check ~~airman~~ using the special type of navigation system. This ~~can also be accomplished~~ under the ~~supervision~~ of a Federal Aviation ~~Administration~~ inspector.

c. Regional Input. Air carriers are encouraged to ~~recommend~~ additions or deletions to these listings. ~~Recommendations~~, along with an explanation of the need for the addition or deletion, should be ~~submitted~~ to the assigned Principal Operations Inspector. The Principal Operations ~~Inspector~~ will forward the ~~recommendation~~ with his/her ~~comments~~ to his/her ~~regional~~ Flight Standards Division. The regional Flight Standards Divisions ~~will~~ provide updated ~~information~~ on these listings, as changes occur, to the Air Transportation Division, AFS-200, who will ~~make~~ appropriate changes periodically.



Director, Flight Standards Service

NOTE: + Mark indicates added portion to text.

APPENDIX 1. SPECIAL AIRPORTSALASKAN REGION

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
Dutch Harbor, AK	Mountainous terrain.
Juneau, AK	Mountainous terrain.
Ketchikan, AK	Mountainous terrain on both sides of final approach.
Kodiak, AK	Airport is surrounded by mountainous terrain. Any go-around beyond ILS or GCA MAP will not provide obstruction clearance.
Petersburg, AK	Mountainous terrain in immediate vicinity of airport, all quadrants.
Sardis Point, AK	Mountainous terrain.
Seward, AK	Mountainous terrain in the immediate vicinity of airport.
Sitka, AK	Obstructions in missed approach, all quadrants.
Valdez, AK	Mountainous terrain in immediate vicinity of airport.
Wrangell, AK	Mountainous terrain in immediate vicinity of airport, all quadrants.

U.S. MILITARY AIRPORTS

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
Adak, AK	Special conditions due to precipitous terrain.
Cape Lisianski AFS, AK	Mountainous terrain in approach zones: nonstandard instrument approach.
Cape Newenham AFS, AK	Runway located on mountain slope with high gradient factor; nonstandard instrument approach.

U.S. MILITARY AIRPORTS ((CONT'D))

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Cape ~~Baranof~~ of, AK

~~Runway~~ located on side of ~~mountain~~;
mountainous terrain both sides and north
end of ~~runway~~.

~~Indian Mountain~~ AFS, AK

Mountainous terrain.

~~Sparrrevohn~~ AFS, AK

Mountainous terrain.

~~Tatlina~~ AFS, AK

Unique approach; mountainous terrain.

+ ~~Tin City~~ AFS, AK

Mountainous terrain.

EASTERN REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

~~Beckley~~, WV

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

~~Bluefield~~, WV

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

Charleston (~~Kanawha~~),, WV

Mountainous terrain.

+ ~~Curtis~~ ~~Island~~, MD

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

Elmira (~~Chemung~~),, NY

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

+ ~~Elkins~~, WV

Mountainous terrain.

~~Farmisburg Int'l.~~, PA

Mountainous terrain.

Hot Springs, VA

Mountainous terrain.

~~Roanoke~~, VA

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

Huntington, WV

~~Mountainous~~ terrain.

Washington, DC (~~National~~)

Special arrival/departure procedures.

Wilkes-Barre, PA

Mountainous terrain.

~~Binghamton~~, NY

Mountainous terrain.

+ ~~Saranac~~ Lake, NY

Mountainous terrain.

Shenandoah ~~Valley~~, VA
(Stanton-Waynesboro-Harrisonburg)

Mountainous terrain.

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Appendix 1

EUROPEAN REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Berlin, Germany

Political sensitivity of corridor adherence.

Stuttgart, Germany

Complex ATC procedures: limited approach facilities.

Søndrestrøm AB, Søndre Stromfjord Terrain; missed approach procedures.
Greenland

*Airports in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republic (USSR)

Limited information, unique procedures.

GREAT LAKES REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Marquette, MI

Mountainous terrain. . . .

NEW ENGLAND REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Dillant-Hopkins, NH

Mountainous terrain.

Lebanon Regional
(Lebanon, NH)

Mountainous terrain.

Edward F. Knapp State
(Barre, VT)

Mountainous terrain.

Burlington Int'l., VT

Mountainous terrain.

NORTHWEST MOUNTAIN REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Klamath Falls, OR

Mountainous terrain.

Aspen, CO

High terrain; special procedures.

Durango, CO

High terrain; no radar; ILS.

Gunnison, CO

VOR only; uncontrolled: numerous obstructions in airport area; complex departure procedures.

NORTHWEST MOUNTAIN REGION ((CONT'D))

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Butte, MT

Numerous obstructions; all nonprecision approaches; no tower.

+ Rifle/Garfield County
Regional, CO

Mountainous terrain.

Yellowstone, MT

Mountainous terrain.

Missoula, MT

Mountainous terrain; special procedures.

Cody, WY

Mountainous terrain; no approach control; FSS off airport; no tower; nonprecision approaches only.

Jackson Hole, WY

Mountainous terrain, all quadrants; complex departure procedures.

Eagle, CO

Mountainous terrain.

Telluride, CO

High field elevation.

Hailey, ID (Friedman Memorial)

Mountainous terrain; special arrival/depart&e procedures.

Hayden, Yampa Valley, CO

Mountainous terrain; no control tower; special engine-out procedures for certain large aircraft.

SOUTHERN REGION

AIRPORT

COMMENTS

Anniston, AL

Traffic complexity.

Asheville, NC

Mountainous terrain.

Beef Island, British Virgin

Terrain; night procedures.

Birmingham, AL

Mountainous terrain.

Fort De France, Martinique

Terrain.

Guatemala City, Guatemala

High field elevation; mountainous terrain; unique departure restrictions.

Key West Florida Int'l. Airport

Lake effect upon thermals on short final to 4,800-foot runway.

SOUTHERN REGION (CONT'D)

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
La Paz, Bolivia	High altitude requires special performance.
+ Guantanamo Bay NAS, Cuba	Unique approach requirements.
+ St. Maarten, Netherlands Antilles	Mountainous terrain.
Las Americas, Santa Domingo	No radar environment; prohibited area and San Isidro Air Base Northeast of field.
Pointe-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe (in Leeward Islands)	Mountainous terrain.
Quito, Ecuador	Special approach procedure.
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	Mountainous terrain; complexity of approaches; high traffic density.
San Jose, Costa Rica	Mountainous terrain; unreliable navaids .
St. Thomas, Virgin Islands	Mountainous terrain.
Tegucigalpa, Honduras	Mountainous terrain.

SOUTHWEST REGION

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
Guadalajara, Mexico	High terrain; special departure procedure,

WESTERN-PACIFIC REGION

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
Hong Kong Int'l. (British Colony, S.E. China)	Special approach; mountainous terrain.
Lihue, Kauai, HI	High terrain; mountainous to 2,300 feet within 3 miles of the localizer .
Kahului, Maui, HI	Mountainous terrain.
Burbank, CA	Mountainous terrain.
+ Santa Barbara, CA	Mountainous terrain.

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WESTERN PACIFIC REGION (CONT'D)

<u>AIRPORT</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>
Flagstaff, AZ	High terrain.
Pago Pago (Futuila Island, U.S.)	Mountainous terrain.
Palm Springs, CA	Mountainous terrain.
+ Ontario, CA	Mountainous terrain and extremely limited visibility in haze conditions.
Reno, NV	High terrain.
Hilo (General Lyman), HI	Mountainous terrain.
San Diego, CA	Rising terrain close to runway.
South Lake Tahoe, CA	Unique approach.
Tribhuvan Int'l., Kathmandu, Nepal	Mountainous terrain; high field elevation and unique departure restriction.
Airports in the Peoples Republic of China	Limited information.
+ Pinal Airpark, AZ	Mountainous terrain.
+ San Francisco Int'l., CA	Unique arrival and departure procedures.